

Foundations of Assurance – Lesson # 2

Assurance of the Gospel

A. Understanding the Gospel (Romans 1:14-17; 1 Cor. 15:1-4, 11)

- The gospel teaches sinners how to be _____ with God - as this is _____ in the gospel message.
- The gospel is not just for certain people (the elect – as some teach), but for _____ who _____.
- It's the “_____ (dunamis) of God” resulting in _____ to those who believe it!

“Power” dunamis {doo'-nam-is}

1 Cor. 15:1-4,11

-Here Paul presents the gospel and tells us that _____ it is how one is _____!

“*which I also received*” – you _____ it by _____ it!

-The facts of the gospel centers in a _____ & _____ – “how that ‘ _____...

- ... _____ for our sins... and
- ... _____ the third day”

*Why was this necessary?

Three **imputations**: - means to _____

1. Adam's sin, in the Garden, was imputed to _____ when he fell into sin (Rom 5:12).
2. All our sins were _____ to Christ on the cross (2 Cor. 5:21)
3. God imputes to guilty sinners the _____ they need for heaven, when they _____ in His Son

Romans 5:8

- Love was God's great _____ and He sent a Savior when we were _____ & couldn't help ourselves – Christ came and _____.

1 Peter 3:18

- Christ _____ in our place that He might _____.

Romans 3:24-28

- Does this mean all go to heaven automatically?

B. The Result of Believing the Gospel is the Promise of _____

Titus 1:2

Romans 4:1-5; 5:1

1 John 2:25

John 3:16

Ephesians 2:8-9

C. The Need of Keeping the Gospel _____

Warnings to heed:

Galatians 1:3-9

2 Corinthians 11:3-4

2 Corinthians 4:3-4

2 Corinthians 11:13-15

The word "Gospel" & its Significance is seen throughout the NT epistles:

1 Peter 1:23-25

1 Thessalonians 2:1-4

1 Thessalonians 1:5-8

1 Peter 4:17

Philippians 1:27

1 John 5:11-13

Colossians 1:3-5

*Do you have the assurance the Gospel gives?